

Safety Data Sheet



1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: **Big Red**

Recommended Use of the Chemical Heavy Duty Cleaner/Degreaser

Supplier: Best For Less Trading PTY LTD
ABN: 94 151 152 644
Street Address: 86 Victoria Street
Smithfield, NSW 2164.

Telephone Number: (02) 9756 6762
Emergency Telephone: **13 11 26**

Date: 1st November 2023

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

Classification of the chemical:
Acute Oral Toxicity - Category 4
Eye Damage - Category 1

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER



Hazard Statement(s):
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P103 Read label before use.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear eye protection.

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Response:

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage:

No storage statements.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): S6 Poison.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Proportion
Ethylene Glycol Mono Butylether	111-76-2	10-30% (w/w)
Glycine N, N'-1-2-Ethanedylbis	60-00-4	<10% (w/w)
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	<10% (w/w)
Sulfuric Acid, mono c-10-16-alkyl esters, sodium salts.	68585-47-7	<10% (w/w)
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	<10% (w/w)
Other component(s) deemed to not be Hazardous.	-	to 100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor at once.

Inhalation:

Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If patient finds breathing difficult and develops a bluish discolouration of the skin (which suggests a lack of oxygen in the blood - cyanosis), ensure airways are clear of any obstruction and have a qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. Apply artificial respiration if patient is not breathing. Seek immediate medical advice.

Skin Contact:

If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with running water. If irritation occurs seek medical advice.

Eye Contact:

Immediately wash in and around the eye area with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held apart. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport promptly to hospital or medical centre.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, give a glass of water to drink. If vomiting occurs give further water. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. Seek immediate medical assistance.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.

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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Not combustible, however, if material is involved in a fire use: Fine water spray, normal foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Non-combustible material. Decomposes on heating emitting toxic fumes including those of oxides of carbon.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to products of decomposition. Keep containers cool with water spray. Keep people away from and upwind of fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures/Environmental precautions:

Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Do not allow container or product to get into drains, sewers, streams or ponds. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Personal precautions/Protective equipment/Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

This material is a Scheduled Poison S6 and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour, mists and aerosols. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Keep out of reach of children. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

2,2'-Oxybis(ethanol); (Diethylene glycol): 8hr TWA = 100 mg/m³ (23 ppm)

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As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls:

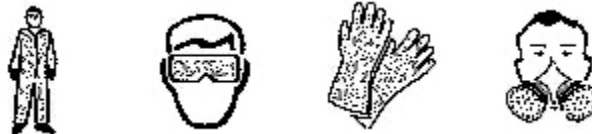
Ensure ventilation is adequate and that air concentrations of components are controlled below quoted Workplace Exposure Standards. Keep containers closed when not in use.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.



Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:	Viscous liquid
Colour:	Red
Odour:	Slight
Odour Threshold:	Not available
Solubility:	Miscible in water.
Specific Gravity:	1.08
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	Not available
Vapour Pressure (20 °C):	Not available
Flash Point (°C):	Not applicable
Flammability Limits (%):	Not applicable
Autoignition Temperature (°C):	Not available

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Boiling Point/Range (°C):	>240
Decomposition Point (°C):	Not available
pH:	Not available
Viscosity:	Not available
Evaporation Rate:	Not available
Partition Coefficient:	Not available
Freezing Point/Range (°C):	<0

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	No information available.
Chemical stability:	Stable if stored and handled under recommended conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	None known.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid contact with foodstuffs.
Incompatible materials:	Incompatible with oxidising agents , acids , alkalis .
Hazardous decomposition products:	Oxides of carbon. Hydrocarbons.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion:	Swallowing can result in headaches, nausea, dizziness and vomiting. Swallowing large amounts may result in muscle tremors, central nervous system depression, convulsions and coma.
Eye contact:	A severe eye irritant. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.
Skin contact:	Contact with skin may result in irritation.
Inhalation:	Breathing in mists or aerosols may produce respiratory irritation.
Acute toxicity:	No LD50 data available for the product. However, for constituent(s) : Oral LD50 (rat): 790 mg/kg (Diethylene glycol) Oral LD50 (mice): 887 mg/kg (Rhodamine B)

Chronic effects: No information available for the product.

For the component diethylene glycol: Large doses may produce adverse effects on the liver and kidneys.

Mutagenicity:	No information available.
Carcinogenicity:	Rhodamine B is an IARC Group 3 carcinogen (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).
Reproductive toxicity:	No information available.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:	No information available.

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Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure: No information available.
Aspiration hazard: No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Avoid contaminating waterways.
Persistence/degradability: No information available.
Bioaccumulative potential: No information available.
Mobility in soil: No information available.
Aquatic toxicity: For Rhodamine B:
48hr LC50 (Daphnia magna): 22.9 mg/L
96hr LC50 (fish): 58.3 mg/L (Gambusia affinis)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:
Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Marine Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Air Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Classification:

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

Classification of the chemical:

Acute Oral Toxicity - Category 4
Eye Damage - Category 1

Hazard Statement(s):

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): S6 Poison.

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All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date Revised: 01/11/2023

This safety data sheet has been prepared by Best For Less Trading Pty Ltd.

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Best For Less Trading Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact Best For Less Trading Pty Ltd.